

An Analysis of Derivational Affixes in the CNN News Articles

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Abstract

This study deals with the study of morphological analysis of derivational affixes used in CNN news. The objectives of this study were to find out the most dominant type of affixes and to describe the function of derivational used in the CNN news articles. Descriptive qualitative method was used in this study. The finding showed suffix greater occurrences than another affixes, suffixes occurred 90 times, such as *-ion*, *-ly*, *-able*, *-ing*, *-y*, *-able* and 3 times occurrence of words with prefixes *super-*, *in-*, and *en-* were *supercomputing*, *incorporating* and *encourages*. There are four functions of derivational affixes in the four CNN News articles namely noun-forming, adjective-forming, verb-forming and adverb-forming. The adjective-forming was 11 occurrences, verb-forming was 17 occurrences, noun-forming was 29 occurrences and adverb-forming was 29 occurrences.

Keywords: Morphology, Derivational affixes, CNN News

A. INTRODUCTION

Language is one of important aspects in human's life. Language is the most powerful tool of communication. According Gorys Keraf (1997:1), language is a means of communication between members of the community in the form of a symbol of sound produced by the speech organ. Perhaps there is an objection by saying that the language is not the only tool for communication.

They argue that two persons or parties communicating by means of specific ways that have been agreed such as through paintings, smoke, sound, news, etc. The use of language can be applied in many forms, one of them is in digital media. Nowadays digital media has an

important role in people's lives. By using digital media, people can get a lot of information and even improve their ability to master a language. The form of digital media is varied such as social media, digital video, electronic books, and news articles are one of the media platform that used to get more informations. Beside as source of information, news articles are the great way to improve listening, discussion and vocabulary skill. Comprehend vocabulary is very important for learning english by learners. Without adequate vocabulary, people cannot communicate and express their thoughts or ideas both orally and written effectively. According to Richards and Renandya (2002), vocabulary is a core component of language proficiency and provides much of the basis for how learners speak, listen, read and write. In learning vocabulary, many learners face problem when the vocabulary is formed by affixation in a word. Affixation is the process of adding a affix to the beginning or the end of word to make new word. There are two types of affixes namely inflectional affixes and derivational affixes. Many people still have problems in understanding derivational affixes. A misunderstanding wil occur when people misinterpret a word just because of the affixiation of a word. For the example, there are differences between the words “deep” and “depth”. Those words have different class of words and meaning in which “deep” is adjective and “depth” is noun. It is crucial to learn affixiation as it helps learners guess the meaning of new words they find and construct new forms succesfully. Word guessing games can help develop awareness. News articles become one of the media to study the form of affixes because in the news articles written a lot of vocabulary that is formed from the affixiation process.

CNN News is one of the digital news platforms that provides current and up-to-date news articles for the learners. CNN News is in the top 3 most popular news media based on the comscore in 2017 and in 2019, two programs belonging to CNN Indonesia TV won in two categories of the Indonesian Tourism Journalist Award (APWI) held by tourism ministry. Based on the explanation above, the researcher decide to do the research “An Analysis of derivational affixes in the CNN News Articles”. This research using the different source of data with previous studies.

B. RESEARCH METHOD

The researcher conducts a qualitative research. The researchers took the data from article of the CNN news in 2021 and the limited was taken four news from the article of the CNN news.

C. ANALYSIS

After having been collected the data, the data were analyzed based on the function of derivational affixes and the most dominant affixes used in the CNN news articles.

1. The analysis of Derivational Affixes in the Floods in London are the Latest Sign Big Cities aren't Ready for Climate Change (July 26, 2021) News

Data 1. After getting flooded over the weekend

The word “flooded” derived from root "flood" as noun added by suffix -ed becomes "flooded" as adjective so the function of derivational affixes is adjective-forming.

Data 2. It was a brutal reminder that

The word “reminder” derived from root "remind" as verb added by suffix -er becomes "reminder" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 3. Cities are dangerously

The word “dangerously” derived from root "danger" as noun added by two suffix –ous and -ly becomes "dangerously" as adverb so the function of derivational affixes is adverb-forming.

Data 4. It's deeply concerning

The word “deeply” derived from root "deep" as adjective added by suffix -ly becomes "deeply" as adverb so the function of derivational affixes is adverb-forming.

Data 5. Hospital emergency departments having to close because they flooded

The word “departments” derived from root "depart" as verb added by suffix –ment and -s becomes "departments" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 6. Hospital emergency departments having to close because they flooded

The word “flooded” derived from root "flood" as noun added by suffix -ed becomes "flooded" as adjective so the function of derivational affixes is adjective-forming.

Data 7. Wandering through flooded streets

The word flooded derived from root "flood" as noun added by suffix -ed becomes "flooded" as adjective so the function of derivational affixes is adjective-forming.

2. The analysis of Derivational Affixes in the Largest known comet is heading close enough to us to become visible (July 27, 2021) News

Data 1. So named because it was found by University

The word “named” derived from root "name" as noun added by suffix -ed becomes "named" as adjective so the function of derivational affixes is adjective-forming.

Data 2. A collaboration of more than 400 scientists

The word “collaboration” derived from root "collaborate" as verb added by suffix -ion becomes "collaboration" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 3. Bernstein used algorithms at the National Center for Supercomputing Applications

The word “supercomputing” derived from root "compute" as verb added by prefix super- and suffix -ing becomes "supercomputing" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 4. Their current configurations

The word “configuration” derived from root "configure" as verb added by suffix -tion and -s becomes "configurations" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 5. Creating their signature appearance

The word “appearance” derived from root "appear" as verb added by suffix -ance becomes "appearance" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

3. The analysis of Derivational Affixes in the Start Your Day with Breathing Exercises for Stress Relief (July 26, 2021) News

Data 1. Work life and family life, leading to uncertainty

The word “uncertainty” derived from root "certain" as adjective added by prefix un- and suffix -ity becomes "uncertainty" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 2. Having a moment of mindfulness

The word “mindfulness” derived from root "mind" as noun or verb added by suffix –ful and -ness becomes "mindfulness" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 3. Feeling stressed from the pandemic

The word “stressed” derived from root "stress" as verb added by suffix –ed becomes "stressed" as adjective so the function of derivational affixes is adjective-forming.

Data 4. Mindfulness meditation can even improve concentration

The word “mindfulness” derived from root "mind" as noun or verb added by suffix –ful and -ness becomes "mindfulness" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 5. Mindfulness meditation can even improve concentration

The word “meditation” derived from root "meditate" as verb added by suffix –ion becomes "meditation" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 6. Mindfulness meditation can even improve concentration

The word “concentration” derived from root "concentrate" as verb added by suffix –ion becomes "concentration" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

4. The analysis of Derivational Affixes in the Eating foods high in flavonoids could slow down cognitive decline, a study says (July 29, 2021) News

Data 1. Eating a plate full of colorful foods like strawberries and peppers, which include flavonoids, could slow your cognitive decline

The word “eating” derived from root "eat" as verb added by suffix –ing becomes "eating" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 2. Abilities that are commonly found in many fruits

The word “abilities” derived from root "able" as adjective added by suffix –ty and -s becomes "abilities" as noun so the function of derivational affixes is noun-forming.

Data 3. Abilities that are commonly found in many fruits

The word “commonly” derived from root "common" as adjective added by suffix –ly becomes "commonly" as adverb so the function of derivational affixes is adverb-forming.

Data 4. The study spanned nearly a quarter

The word “nearly” derived from root "near" as adjective added by suffix –ly becomes “nearly" as adverb so the function of derivational affixes is adverb-forming.

Data 5. But we usually don't notice it

The word “usually” derived from root "usual" as adjective added by suffix –ly becomes “usually" as adverb so the function of derivational affixes is adverb-forming.

Data 6. Something that takes place slowly

The word “slowly” derived from root "slow" as adjective added by suffix –ly becomes “slowly" as adverb so the function of derivational affixes is adverb-forming.

D. CONCLUSION

Based on the result study, it found that suffix greater occurrences than another affixes. Three occurrence of words with prefixes *super-*, *in-*, and *en-* were *supercomputing*, *incorporating* and *encourages*. Words containing suffixes occurred 90 times, such as *-ion*, *-ly*, *-able*, *-ing*, *-y*, *-able*. There are four functions of derivational affixes in the four CNN News articles namely noun-forming, adjective-forming, verb-forming and adverb-forming. The adjective-forming was 11 occurrences, verb-forming was 17 occurrences, noun-forming was 29 occurrences and adverb-forming was appeared to be the most productive with 29 occurrences. For the learners can use news articles as media to learn about derivational affixes because in news articles there are many vocabularies are formed by derivational affixes.

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